16BT301 BIOCHEMICAL REACTION ENGINEERING

Hours Per Week :

| L | Т | Р | С |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | - | 2 | 4 |



Source: http://newscenter.lbl.gov

Course Description and Objectives:

This course introduces various types of bio-reactors and their economical design. In addition, it also provides insights into chemical reaction kinetics. The objective of the course is to impart knowledge on bio-reactor designing for specific conditions and also to compare performances of various bio-reactors.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Understand different types of reactions and their kinetics.
- CO2: Apply growth kinetics to reactor design.
- CO3: Analyze product distribution in multiple reactions.
- CO4: Develop performance equations for different reactors.
- CO5: Diagnosis of ills of bioreactors.
- CO6: Design and scale up of bioreactors

SKILLS:

- ✓ Calculate rate of biochemical reactions.
- ✓ Design a bioreactor and operate on various modes.
- ✓ Estimate RTD for bio-reactors.

72

L-9

L-9

L-9

L- 09

role of thermodynamic parameters, design principles of non isothermal reactions and pressure effects.

L- 09

UNIT - 1

o Hypothesize and validate reaction mechanism.

ACTIVITIES:

o Design bioreactor.

o Develop growth kinetics based on unstructured models.

• Measure RTD by tracer injection methods.

FUNDAMENTALS OF REACTION ENGINEERING: Concept of order, molecularity of a reaction, searching a mechanism for a reaction, evaluation of rate constants, temperature using Arrhenius equation; Irreversible unimolecular type first order reactions, irreversible bimolecular type second order reactions and interpretation of batch reactor data.

UNIT - 2

IDEAL REACTORS: Batch reactors, mixed flow reactors, plug flow reactors, plug flow reactors in series and parallel, mixed flow reactors in series, reactors of different types in series.

UNIT - 3

BIOREACTOR DESIGN AND ANALYSIS: Definition of bioreactor, concepts of reactors based on flow characteristics, design of ideal reactors using material and energy balance; Performance equation for batch, continuous (chemostat and turbidostat) and fed batch bioreactor; Multiple stage chemostat, recycle flow in chemostat, design of plug flow reactors, comparison of productivity in plug flow and single stage single flow chemostat.

MULTIPLE REACTIONS: Parallel series, series-parallel reactions, calculation of yield and selectivity,

UNIT - 4

UNIT - 5

NON- IDEAL REACTORS AND REACTOR APPLICATIONS: Concepts of residence time distribution, micro mixing and macro mixing, reasons for non-ideality, concept of macro using RTD analysis (E-C-F functions), diagnosing the ills of non-ideal bioreactors; Design and analysis of airlift bioreactors; Application in animal cell culture; Basic concept of scale-up.

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Total hours: 30

- 1. Estimation of rate constant for continuous stirred tank reactor.
- 2. Determination of rate constant for plug flow reactor.
- 3. Calculation of rate constant for combined reactor.
- 4. Determination of rate constant for batch reactor.
- 5. Determination of rate constant for adiabatic batch reactor.
- 6. Estimation of RTD for continuous stirred tank reactor.
- 7. Estimation of RTD for continuous stirred tank reactors in series and determine number of reactors in series theoretically.
- 8. Calculation of RTD for plug flow reactor.
- 9. Determination of RTD for combined reactor.

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. O. Levenspiel, "Chemical Reaction Engineering", 3rd edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2008.
- 2. P.M. Doran, "Bioprocess Engineering Principles", 2nd edition, Academic Press, 2013.
- H.S. Fogler, "Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering", 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. D.G. Rao, "Introduction to Biochemical Engineering", 1st edition, McGraw Hill, 2005.
- M. L. Shuler and F. Kargi, "Bioprocess Engineering", 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.